МИНОБРНАУКИ РОССИИ

ГОУ ВПО «УРАЛЬСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ ЛЕСОТЕХНИЧЕСКИЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ» Кафедра иностранных языков

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МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

для студентов 2-го курса всех специальностей заочной формы обучения

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Методические указания включают контрольную работу № 3 и контрольную работу № 4. Данные указания одновременно служат пособием и рабочей тетрадью. Все задания выполняются непосредственно в упражнениях контрольных работ.

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Контрольная работа №3 для студентов заочного факультета

(АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК)

Выполнил(а) (ФИО)					
Специальность	курс	шифр			
Рецензент					

Пояснительная записка

Данная контрольная работа предназначена для студентов 2-го курса заочного факультета всех специальностей. Она составлена на базе профессионально ориентированной тематики и включает в себя фонетические и лексико-грамматические упражнения, а также задания на закрепление и развитие компетенций в различных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, понимании, чтении и письме.

Требования к выполнению контрольной работы по иностранному (английскому) языку

1. Контрольная работа состоит из фонетических и лексикограмматических упражнений, а также включает в себя задания на развитие всех видов речевой деятельности.

Контрольная работа №3				
тема	фонетика	лексика	грамматика	
Текст:	Правила	По темам:	Словообразование:	
Экология.	чтения	экология,	составные	
(5тыс. печ. знаков)	согласных	деловая	существительные.	
	букв и их	переписка,	Видовременные формы	
	сочетаний	виды писем,	глаголов в активном	
		оформление	залоге.	
		конверта,	Видовременные формы	
		написание	глаголов в пассивном	
		аннотации	залоге.	
			Фразовые глаголы.	
			Модальные глаголы.	
			Согласование времён.	
			Косвенная речь	

- 2. Студент должен самостоятельно выполнить контрольную работу №3 в течение 3-го семестра (сентябрь-декабрь) и предоставить её к устной защите (чтение, перевод, объяснение грамматических правил, ответы на вопросы, инсценировка диалога или сообщение по теме) рецензенту в течение зимней сессии во время практических занятий по иностранному языку.
- 3. Перед выполнением контрольной работы следует повторить правила чтения букв и буквосочетаний, а также грамматический материал (см. выше таблицу); во время выполнения контрольной работы следует использовать словари и другую справочную литературу.
- 4. Студент должен заполнить титульный лист (ФИО, специальность, курс, шифр).
- 5. Студент должен выполнить все задания (1-15) контрольной работы №3 в письменном виде чернилами чётким почерком в выданной ему контрольной работе.

Задание 1. Переведите на русский язык 2 части текста «<u>ECOLOGY</u>»

CLIMATE CHANGE

(*Paragraph 1*) Climate **change** is occurring as a result of human activity. Greenhouse **gases** are being emitted into the atmosphere, primarily from the burning of fossil fuels such as **coal**, oil or gas, to meet the needs of our modern lifestyles. Everyday things we take for granted – such as the heating and lighting in our homes, or our transportation systems – all release carbon dioxide into the atmosphere. Even the products we buy, from carpets to computers, **produce** emissions during their manufacture and transportation.

(*Paragraph 2*) Trees and woodlands play a crucial role in regulating our climate. They remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, storing it as carbon through the biochemical process of photosynthesis. Because they are such large organisms, trees are capable of absorbing and storing large amounts of carbon through this process. The carbon is held in the trunk, branches, leaves and roots of each tree, and even in the forest soil. A single tree can hold up to 4 tonnes of carbon.

(*Paragraph 3*) The world's forests will play a very big part in providing a solution to climate change and there are four key things we can do to help.

1. Manage our woodlands sustainably

We must manage our woodlands carefully and maximize their ability to store carbon effectively. When trees are young they soak up carbon very quickly. As trees get older carbon absorption slows down until it reaches a steady state. At this point a forest doesn't absorb any more carbon, but it has become a vast carbon reservoir. Good management of our forests means cutting down some trees to maintain a range of different tree ages. This maximizes the absorption capacity of the whole woodland.

2. Protect the woodlands we already have

Many of the world's forests are being destroyed. This not only means that we have fewer trees to absorb the carbon we produce, but it also leads to the release of all the carbon stored in them. Consequently deforestation is responsible for the release of almost 6 billion tonnes of carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions every year.

3. Use more wood in place of high carbon materials

Wood has the lowest energy consumption of any commonly used building material. Replacing one cubic metre of concrete or red brick with the same volume of timber would save 1 tonne of carbon.

There is only one building material that uses the sun's energy to renew itself in a continuous sustainable cycle; wood. Wood is the only major building material that is renewable. It uses less energy and produces less air and water pollution than the energy-intensive manufacture of steel and concrete. Not only this, but anything made from wood will continue to store carbon for hundreds of years!

We can all make a significant contribution to climate change reduction by using wood in place of energy-intensive materials such as steel or concrete.

4. Use wood for fuel

Climate change means we have to look for alternative sources of energy, and those produced by natural methods are the best to use. You may have heard about green energy such as wind or solar power, but burning wood is also a clean renewable energy source.

Extracting firewood and other wood from woodland is one way to ensure that woodlands are managed rather than neglected (because there are economic benefits in doing so). It also benefits the rural economy by providing local jobs and diversification opportunities for farmers and land owners.

PUBLIC BENEFITS

Forests provide a vast range of non-consumptives **which** we do not actually take out of the forest with us - that includes all types of recreational use, peace and quiet, a place to walk the dog, nature conservation experiences, and so forth. Woodlands and forests produce benefits to the **whole** society not just to individuals. The non-timber benefits of woodlands are broadly divided into: environmental, social, economic.

Environmental

In urban areas, trees can improve green derelict lands and urban landscapes, reduce air pollution, provide new wildlife habitat and reduce flooding spates. *Social*

By providing pleasant surroundings, trees can improve the **physical**, mental and community health. They also reduce wind speed and solar radiation.

Economic

Increasing tree cover in and around urban areas can enhance property values and encourage inward investment by removing or **covering** eyesores and creating a general feeling of well-being and regeneration. In England & Wales, the demand for public recreation in the countryside is likely to be heightened by the Countryside and **Rights** of Way (CROW) Act, which includes among its provisions a 'right to roam' by foot on mountain, moor, heath and common land. Woodland is specifically excluded from this right. The England Forestry Strategy, published in 1998, sets out the programmes and priorities for the Government's support for forestry. It recognizes that forestry provides particular benefit to society in four major areas:

Rural Development

Many remote rural communities are undergoing change and decline, as some traditional jobs **vanish**, and services (shops, health) become more distant. This focuses attention on potential new opportunities of which rural development forestry is one. The countryside is moving from being simply a centre of production to being more significant as a centre of consumption. The demand for rural recreation and tourism is large and continuing to grow.

Economic Regeneration

Managing woods and expanding them provides employment on- and off-site. <u>Recreation, Access & Tourism</u>

Tourism and recreation are major economic generators in the UK countryside. Rural tourism is a major economic activity, with nearly 1500 million visits to the countryside.

Environment and Conservation

Their role in ameliorating greenhouse gases and global warming as carbon sinks is widely promoted. Woodlands ameliorate the climate both locally and across large distances, pump out oxygen into the atmosphere, filter out a lot of atmospheric pollution, prevent soil erosion, etc.

Перевод:	

Перевод:	

Перевод:	

Задание 2a. Используя словарь, заполните таблицу словами, выделенными жирным шрифтом в тексте «<u>CLIMATE CHANGE</u>».

Climate change			
G	C	X	
[d↓] -	[s] -	[ks] -	
[g] -	[k] -	[gz] - exist	

Задание 26. Используя словарь, заполните таблицу словами, выделенными жирным шрифтом в тексте «<u>PUBLIC BENEFITS</u>».

	Public Benefits					
sh	ck	wh	ph	gh	ng	kn
[ʃ]-	[k] - brick	[w] -	[f] -	[-] -	[η] -	[n] - knew
		[h] -		[f] - enough		

Задание 3. Соедините слова из первой колонки (1-10) со словами из второй колонки (а-j), образуя сложные слова, переведите их на русский язык.

		сложные слова	перевод
1) green	a) synthesis		
2) wood	b) side		
3) photo	c) wood		
4) bio	d) house		
5) energy-	e) site		
6) fire	f) land		
7) wild	g) being		
8) well-	h) intensive		
9) off-	i) chemical		
10) country	j) life		

Задание 4. Соедините начала предложений из первой колонки (1-10) с их окончаниями из второй колонки (а-j) и переведите полученные предложения на русский язык.

1.	Climate change is occurring	a.	through t	the
			biochemical process	of
			photosynthesis.	

2.	Greenhouse gases are being emitted	b.	such as wind or solar power.
3.	Trees and woodlands play	c.	as a result of human activity.
4.	They remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, storing it as carbon	d.	cutting down some trees to maintain a range of different tree ages.
5.	The carbon is held in the trunk, branches, leaves	e.	into the atmosphere.
6.	Good management of our forests means	f.	both locally and across large distances.
7.	Wood is the only major building material	g.	environmental, social, economic.
8.	You may have heard about green energy	h.	a crucial role in regulating our climate.
9.	The non-timber benefits of woodlands are broadly divided into:	i.	that is renewable.
10.	Woodlands ameliorate the climate	j.	and roots of each tree, and even in the forest soil.

Задание 5. Составьте аннотацию первой части текста *Climate change*, используя данные выражения, и переведите полученные предложения на русский язык.

1.	The title of the text is		

2.	The author of the text is
3.	The main idea of the text is
4.	The purpose of the text is to give the reader some information on
5.	The text is divided intoparagraphs.
6.	According to the first paragraph
7.	According to the second paragraph
8.	According to the third paragraph
	I found the text (interesting, important, dull, of no value, easy/hard to understand).
опред писем 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	ие 6. Переведите на русский язык названия писем (1-8) и елите, к какому виду письма относятся данные ниже отрывки (A-I). Letter of invitation Letter of apology Letter of enquiry/ request Letter of complaint Letter of complaint
/.	Letter of congratulation

- A) We have pleasure in inviting you to the VIIth International Exhibition in Moscow, open from 9th to 16th June.
- **B)** I should like to be considered for the post of secretary in the sales department currently advertised in the "Morning Mail." I enclose a CV which gives full details of my qualification and career.
- C) Please send me more information about the booklet 'Yours for Sports', which you mentioned in your advertisement in the July 4th issue of Boys' Life.

- **D)** I am delighted to hear of your new appointment to the Board of Directors. The many years you have worked with the Company have been rewarded and my partner and I send you best wishes for the future.
- E) We find no words to tell you how sorry we were to learn that the flood caused almost total damage to your house. I can imagine what a terrible loss it must be. I want to offer our help in any way we can.
- F) You recently shipped me on order a Model BK radio set. Unfortunately it seems to have been damaged in shipment so that the dial needle will turn a little way. One of the knobs seems to be pushed in, and there is a scratch on the panel.
- **G)** I am extremely sorry about the incident last week during the visit of your representative to our offices. Unfortunately ...
- I) I regret to inform you that your application for the position of Laboratory Technician has been unsuccessful. Thank you for ...

Задание 7. Расположите части делового письма (а-е) в правильном порядке (1-5):

1.Heading	
2.Inside address	
3.Salutation	
4.Body of the letter	
5.Close/signature	

- a) Dear Mr Sawyer,
- b) Thank you for your letter. I am afraid that we have a problem with your order. Unfortunately, the manufacturers of the part you wish to order have advised us that they cannot supply it until November. Would you prefer us to supply a substitute, or would you rather wait until the original parts are again available?
- c) 6 Pine Estate, Bedford Road, Bristol, UB28 12BP Telephone 9036 174369 Fax 9036 36924 6 August 2005
- d) I look forward to hearing from you. Yours sincerely, Simon Tramp Sales Manager

e) James Sawyer, Sales Manager, Electro Ltd, Perry Road Estate, Oxbridge UN54 42KF.

Задание 8. Перед вами конверт. Соотнесите информацию под определенным номером на конверте с тем, что она обозначает.

555 (2) Deer Run Lane		
Aurora, (3) CO 80014		
	(4) Sandberg Education	
	(5) Orchard Ridge Con	1
	Building Two, Fields	
	(6) Brewster, NY 1050	09
The atreat name	in the mailing addrage	
	e in the mailing address	
	s company name	
☐ The sender's co	e in the return address	
☐ The town in the	n the return address	
☐ The ZIP Code	ii the return address	
Задание 9. Переведите предложен время в выделенных глагольны Continuous, Present Perfect, Present Continuous, Past Perfect, Future Perfect). 1. I didn't play tennis last week. (х формах (<i>Present</i> Perfect Continuous, P	Simple, Present Past Simple, Past
		,
2. He helps his father very often. ()
2. He helps his father very often. (3. What will you be doing at 8 o'clock	comorrow? ()) -
	comorrow? () -)
3. What will you be doing at 8 o'clock) -) -

7. By 9 o'clock she had washed the dishes. (
ny homewo	ork. ()			
)				
)				
		-			
)					
)					
)				
)					
		<u> </u>			
y. ()				
)					
	пу homewo	ny homework. () голы в Present S rfect Continuous,) лаголы в Past едложения на русс)			

4. By 2 o'clock yesterday the teacher (to examine) all the students. (
5. Kate gave me the book which she (to buy) the day before. (
6. My brother (not to play) tennis last week. (
в. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Future Simple, Future Continuous, Future Perfect, и переведите предложения на русский язык.
1. I (to do) my homework from 3 till 6. (
2. I (to do) my homework by 3 o'clock. (
3. I promise I (to do) my homework next week. (
4. I (not to read) 20 pages by 5 tomorrow. (
Задание 11. Вставьте <u>off, in, out, up, down, on,</u> чтобы закончить предложения, п переведите их на русский язык. 1. I went to the window and looked
2. The door was open, so we came →
3. There was a free chair, so I sat →
4. Hurry ! We haven't got much time. →
5. I turned the light. →
6. It was cold, so I put .my coat. →

Задание	e 12.	Употребл	ите м	одал	іьные	глаго	ЛЫ	can,	may,	mus	st,	could,
should,	can't,	mustn't,	needn	<u>′t</u> и	переі	ведите	пр	едлоя	кения	на	pyo	сский
язык.												

язык 1.	I take this book for a little? \rightarrow
2.	I ski when I was young. \rightarrow
3.	You work more seriously. →
4.	He answer the question. It's not difficult. \rightarrow
5.	You respect your parents. →
6.	My sister write this letter, she is very busy. \rightarrow
7.	My sister write this letter. She'll phone them. \rightarrow
8.	You make notes in the books. →
	ние 13. Переведите предложения на русский язык: He will be able to do it tomorrow.→
2.	We were allowed to stay at home. \rightarrow
3.	She had to stay at home because she didn't feel well. \rightarrow
4.	The lecture is to begin at eight. \rightarrow
5.	He must be busy. \rightarrow

6.	He must be sleeping. →	
7.	He must have lost your book. →	
8.	They may be watching TV. \rightarrow	
9.	She can't have left the country. \rightarrow	
10	. They can't be at home now. \rightarrow	
врем <i>Simp</i>	ние 14. Переведите предложения на русский язык и опреде я в выделенных глагольных формах (Present Simple Passive, de Passive, Future Simple Passive, Present Continuous Passive, nuous Passive, Present Perfect Passive, Past Perfect Passive).	Pasi
1.	These houses were built about 50 years ago. ()
2.	She is very often spoken about. (
)
3.	The letter is being written by the secretary now. () —)
	The letter is being written by the secretary now. (By 3 o'clock everything had been prepared . () —) —)
4.) —) —)
4.5.	By 3 o'clock everything had been prepared. () —) —) —)
4.5.6.	By 3 o'clock everything had been prepared. (All these books have been read. () —) —) —)

Задание 15. Выберите требующуюся форму глагола в соответствии с правилами согласования времён и переведите предложения на русский язык.

1. She	said that she b) a	busy. \rightarrow c) was	•
2. Ton	n said he	your address. b) doesn't know	. →
	,	your addı b) knew	,
4. My	friends told me that a) would be	ne examb) will be	_ easy. → c) should be
5. I tol	d him Ia) have finished	my work b) had finished	c) has finished
6. He s	said that he a) bought	a new ca	ar. → c) has bought
7. The	doctor told me	the	mouth. →
	a) opens	b) open	c) to open
8. He a	asked us a) not to make		c) doesn't make
9. She	asked if I often _ a) play	chess. b) played	
10. He	e wanted to know	whether you	the winter before. \rightarrow
	a) skate	b) skated	c) nad skated

Контрольная работа №4 для студентов заочного факультета

(АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК)

Выполнил(а) (ФИО)			
Специальность	курс	шифр	
Рецензент			

Пояснительная записка

Данная контрольная работа предназначена для студентов 2-го курса заочного факультета всех специальностей. Она составлена на базе профессионально ориентированной тематики и включает в себя лексикограмматические упражнения, а также задания на закрепление и развитие компетенций в различных видах речевой деятельности: говорении, понимании, чтении и письме.

<u>Требования к выполнению контрольной работы</u> по иностранному (английскому) языку

1. Контрольная работа состоит из лексико-грамматических упражнений, а также включает в себя задания на развитие всех видов речевой деятельности.

Контрольная работа № 4						
тема	лексика	грамматика				
Текст:	По темам:	Словообразование:				
Профессии в лесной	моя будущая	приставки, конверсия.				
промышленности.	профессия,	Инфинитив. Герундий.				
(5тыс. печ. знаков)	оформление	Причастия.				
	служебной	Сложное подлежащее.				
	записки,	Сложное дополнение.				
	составление	Сложные предложения.				
	резюме,	Условные предложения				
	телефонный					
	этикет					

- 2. Студент должен самостоятельно выполнить контрольную работу № 4 в течение 4-го семестра (февраль-май) и предоставить её к устной защите (чтение, перевод, объяснение грамматических правил, ответы на вопросы, инсценировка диалога или сообщение по теме) рецензенту в течение летней сессии во время практических занятий по иностранному языку.
- 3. Перед выполнением контрольной работы следует повторить грамматический материал (см. выше таблицу); во время выполнения контрольной работы следует использовать словари и другую справочную литературу.
- 4. Студент должен заполнить титульный лист (ФИО, специальность, курс, шифр).
- 5. Студент должен выполнить все задания (1-15) контрольной работы № 4 в письменном виде чернилами чётким почерком в выданной ему контрольной работе.

Задание 1. Переведите на русский язык 2 части текста «<u>CAREER</u> DESCRIPTION».

Wood Technologist Career Description

Many different processes are used to convert a tree into a saleable product in the form of sawn timber, plywood, particleboard or treated poles. Wood technologists play an important role in all these processes.

What am I going to do in this occupation?

The wood technologist, using academic and practical training as well as product and process knowledge, provides the knowledge, experience and skills needed to manage the conversion processes effectively. The trained technologist can practice this occupation in various fields in the timber processing and related industries, namely: primary processing (timber treating, plywood manufacture, fibre and particle board manufacture and sawmilling), secondary processing (furniture, joinery, building and timber construction) and others (research, marketing, labour and training).

The work in which the wood technologist can be involved, include:

- » The obtaining of raw materials, principally timber.
- » The preparation, storage and control of raw materials.
- » The efficient and cost-effective conversion of these raw materials into saleable products.
- » Transport within and outside the processing plants.
- » The efficient storage and control of finished products.
- » The marketing of diverse products.
- » Management of staff, costs, product quality and safety.
- » Equipment and plant maintenance.
- » In-service training of staff and workers.
- » In-company, industrial and scientific research.

Requirements

What kind of personality do I need? The prospective wood technologist should enjoy working with wood and timber products, and should therefore like technical subjects and working with people.

Where can I work?

The wood technologist can find work in nearly all businesses that use wood as a raw or semi-processed material such as sawmills, plywood plants, pre-treating plants, timber housing companies and similar businesses. Wood technologists start working as operators, assistants and supervisors within the various plants, eventually progressing to more senior management positions as they become more experienced. This they can do throughout the world.

Can I work for myself in this occupation?

Many opportunities do exist for wood technologists to start their own business once they have acquired a few years of practical experience working in industry.

Перевод:		

Mechanical Engineer Career Description

Mechanical engineers develop, implement, manufacture and maintain machines, machine components and systems in various fields to enhance quality of life.

What am I going to do in this occupation?

Mechanical engineering applies the principles of natural science and mechanics in a way that leads to greater convenience, progress and safety of mankind. Mechanical engineers usually specialize in one of the following fields:

Transportation

Transportation includes Aeronautical, Automotive and Marine Engineering and is involved with the development of equipment like aircraft, helicopters, missiles, ships, motor cars, trains, as well as propulsion systems such as the gas turbines and petrol and diesel engines.

Power generation

Engineers in this field attempt to provide in the ever increasing energy requirements of population. It requires the effective use of limited natural resources to provide energy with limited environmental impact.

Agriculture

By providing modern equipment like threshing machines, tractors, harvesters and milking machines for food producers, engineers in this field assist in the economic production of food.

Mining

Mechanical engineers are involved in both surface and underground mining. Pumping plants, winding equipment, ventilation fans, conveyer belts, drilling machines and trackless mining equipment are a few of the devices which involves the input of mechanical engineers.

Environmental engineering

Mechanical engineers create the controlled environment that humans need in order to work safely and comfortably. Factors such as humidity, temperature and cleanliness of the air in the workplace are monitored, adjusted and controlled by these engineers.

Manufacturing

Mechanical engineers play a major role in all industrial and manufacturing processes and in the equipment used, including machine tools and robotic devices.

Petrochemical industry

Petrochemical plants largely consist of machines such as compressors, pumps, boilers and material handling systems.

Industrial engineering

Mechanical engineers also play a major role in industrial processes such as production technology and quality control.

Mechanical engineers usually work in offices where computers play a major role in planning, designing, modeling and testing of systems. The work also requires

on-site inspections, coordination and follow-up to ensure any new system complies with the requirements given.

Requirements

What kind of personality do I need? Prospective mechanical engineers must have above-average intelligence, the ability to see and interpret a drawing three dimensionally and the ability to make difficult calculations. They should also have perseverance. Solutions do not always emerge at the first attempt and their projects could take years before they are finished. They must be persons of high integrity. In order to be promoted to management level the engineer must develop good leadership and coordinating skills. Engineers with good management skills can progress to the top positions in the company.

Where can I work?

Government departments also offer employment to mechanical engineers in various positions. Positions at the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) mainly involve research and development. Bursaries are available from many of these institutions.

Can I work for myself in this occupation?

Registered mechanical engineers with the necessary experience and initiative can work as consultants in any of the above-mentioned organizations. They can also start their own manufacturing engineering companies.

Перевод:		

Перевод:	

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Задание 5. Перед вами резюме. Соотнесите названия частей резюме, обозначенных буквами (а-е) с названиями, обозначенными цифрами (1-5) из таблицы:

a) personal details	
b) work experience (work history)	
c) references (reference)	
d) qualifications (education)	
e) additional skills (other)	

	Cı	urriculum Vitae (CV)
	Name:	Erwin Verhoot
1.	Address:	Van Baerlestraat 54,
		1070 Amsterdam
	Tel. №:	020 672 5331
	Nationality:	Dutch
	Date of birth:	2.10.1976
	Marital status:	single
2.	Qualifications	
	1997 °	Diploma in Hotel Management and Tourism.
		Swiss Hotel Management School, Montreux
<i>3</i> .	Professional experience	
	2003 – Present	Corporate Client Service Manager
		Palace Hotels Group, Brussels. Responsible for
		marketing corporate client services of Group's five
		4-star European hotels.
		noteis.
	2000 -2003	Manager
		Capital Hotel, Amsterdam. 180 room 4-star hotel
		with over 70 % business clients. Conference facilities
		for 100 people.
	1997 – 1999	Assistant Manager
		Hotel Mont Blanc, Chamonix. 150 room 3-star hotel.
4.	Other	Fluent English, German, French
•		Advanced computer literacy
		Clean driving license
5.	References	See next page

Задание 6. Заполните резюме на основе личных данных. Curriculum Vitae

Personal details	
Name:	
Address:	
Tel. №:	
Nationality:	
Date of birth:	
Marital status:	
Qualifications	
Professional experience	
Other	
References	
Задание 7. Выберите слова (a-d) для зап чтобы они отражали особенности оформл	
(1): Maria Jarvis	
From: Philip Benn	
(2): US trip (3): 20 July	a) Philip
(3) 20 July	b) Date
Thanks for all your help last Friday. I was office on Saturday afternoon so everything is	c) Subjectd) To
now Let me know if this is OK.	
(4)	

Задание 8. Определите, к какому виду делового документа (a-d) относится представленный ниже отрывок.

We are a large record store in the centre of Manchester and would like to know more about the CDs and DVDs you advertised in last month's edition of Hi-Fi. Could you tell us if the products are leading brand names, or made by small independent companies, and if they would be suitable for recording classical music, games and video?

We would appreciate it if you send us some samples.

- a) Letter of enquiry / request
- b) Memo
- c) CV
- d) Contract

Задание 9. Расположите фразы телефонных разговоров (Dialogue №1, Dialogue №2) в правильном порядке и переведите диалоги на русский язык.

Dialogue №1

A:	1. Good morning. Could you tell me when I can meet Mr. Brown,
B:	please? 2. Thank you. Good bye.
A:	3. Yes, please. Could you ask him to call this number 102 3468 as
B:	soon as possible.
A:	4. Good morning. Mr. Brown's secretary speaking.5. I'm sorry, he isn't. Today he won't be back till 4 o'clock. Can I
B:	take a message?
A:	6. Is he available at the moment? 7. On Tuesday, at 11 o'clock.
B:	8. Certainly.
перевод	

Dialogue №2

A:	1. No, it isn't urgent. Is the day after tomorrow possible?
B:	2. That's perfect, thank you. Good bye.
	3. Tomorrow, if possible.
A:	4. Good morning Mr. Brown. I'll get his diary. When would you like
B:	to come?
A:	5. This is Mr. Brown speaking. I'd like to make an appointment with
	Mr. Bell.
B:	6. I'm sorry, it's full too. What about Friday at 5 o'clock?
A:	7. I'm afraid he'll not be in. Is it urgent?
перевод	

Задание 10. Раскройте скобки, употребив либо <u>to</u> перед глаголом, либо <u>ing</u> после глагола, и переведите предложения на русский язык.

1. I hope (go) to university next year () →

1. I hope (go) to university next year. () →	
2. I enjoy (dance). () →	
3. I don't mind (be) alone. () →	
4. You forgot (switch off) the light when you went out. ($)\rightarrow$
5. Are you interested in (work) for us? () →	
6. I've always dreamed of (be) rich. () \rightarrow	

	. How often do you go (swim). () \rightarrow	
	. Do you think this book is worth (read)? () \rightarrow	-
a.	ние 11. ереведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание струкцию сложное дополнение (Complex Object). Му brother wanted me to bring him a book. \rightarrow	на
	. I like her to sing. \rightarrow	
	. Mother <i>made me eat</i> the soup. \rightarrow	
	. I expect her to send me a letter. \rightarrow	
	. I saw him drop his bag. \rightarrow	
	. We <i>heard them shut</i> the door. \rightarrow	
	ереведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание струкцию <i>сложное подлежащее (Complex Subject)</i> .	на
	You <i>are supposed</i> to graduate in four years. →	
	He <i>is said</i> to be a good translator. \rightarrow	
	This work <i>seems</i> to take much time. \rightarrow	
	. His office <i>turned out</i> to be in one of the back streets. \rightarrow	

5.	. The article is likely to appear in the next issue. \rightarrow	
6.	. He <i>is sure</i> to be back soon. \rightarrow	
Parti	ние 12. Выберите требующуюся форму причастия (<i>Participle I ил</i> iciple II) и переведите предложения на русский язык. Everybody looked at the dancing/danced girl. —	и
2.	. She put a plate of frying/fried fish in front of me. \rightarrow	
3.	. The floor washing/washed by Helen looked very clean. →	
4.	. The girl washing/washed the floor is my sister. →	
5.	. The man playing/played the piano is Kate's uncle. →	
6.	. The coat buying/bought last year is too small for me. \rightarrow	
форі <i>Parti</i>	ние 13. Переведите предложения на русский язык и определит му выделенных причастий (Present Participle Active, Perfecticiple Active, Perfecticiple Passive). Soing his homework, he was thinking hard. (
2. H	aving done his homework, he went for a walk. ()
3. B	eing examined, the boy could not help crying. ()
4. H :	aving sold all fruit, he went to see his friends. ()

5. Having been shown the wrong direc ()	tion, the travelers soon lost their way.
6. Selling fruit, he looked back from tin	ne to time. (
Задание 14. Раскройте скобки, обр III типов, и переведите предложени 1. If the weather is fine, we (to play) ou	
If the weather were fine, we (to play)	outside. (
If the weather had been fine, we (to pl	lay) outside. (
2. If he lives in London he (to visit) the	museums every month. ()
If he lived in London, he (to visit) the	e museums every month. (
If he had lived in London, he (to visit	t) the museums every month. (
Задание 15. а. Соедините части предложений (1 предложения на русский язык.	1-5) и (а-е) и переведите полученные
1. He doesn't like her,	a) but I didn't read it.
2. I bought a newspaper,	b) or are you tired?
3. It was too hot,	c) because the water wasn't clean.
4. We didn't go swimming,	d) and she doesn't like him.
5. Do you want to play tennis	e) so I opened the window.
1	
2.	

3	
4	
5	
б. Соедините части предложений (предложения на русский язык.	1-5) и (а-е) и переведите полученные
 A thief is a person Where is the picture I don't like people 	 b) (that) you wanted? c) (who) you spoke to? d) who never stop talking. e) who steals things.
2	
3	
4	
5	



Н.Н. Кириллович Л.В. Гурская

МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ПО АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ